Article - Environment

[Previous][Next]

§9–406.

- (a) The Secretary shall adopt an adequate plan for providing safe drinking water under emergency circumstances.
- (b) If, in the judgment of the Secretary, emergency circumstances exist with respect to a need for safe drinking water, the Secretary may take any action necessary to provide safe drinking water where it otherwise would not be available.
- (c) (1) Notwithstanding § 9-407(b) of this subtitle, the Secretary may adopt and enforce regulations for a contaminant if the Secretary determines that the contaminant poses a significant risk to public health and for which complete interim or revised national primary drinking water regulations are not in effect.
- (2) As part of the Secretary's determination under paragraph (1) of this subsection, the Secretary shall prepare a report that includes:
- (i) 1 year of statewide monitoring data for the contaminant, which identifies locations in the State where the contaminant level may pose a significant risk to public health;
- (ii) Peer reviewed assessments, methodologies, and data concerning the particular contaminant; and
- (iii) A cost/benefit analysis of implementing the proposed standard for the contaminant conducted by the Department that includes:
- 1. Review and comment by the Department of Business and Economic Development; and
- 2. After the Department provides notice of the analysis and a reasonable opportunity to comment to the affected public water systems, any submitted written statements from public water systems affected by the proposed standard.
- (3) Nothing in this subsection affects the Department's authority to adopt and enforce complete interim or revised national primary drinking water regulations.

[Previous][Next]